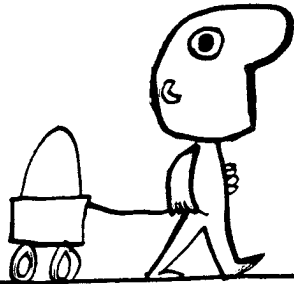


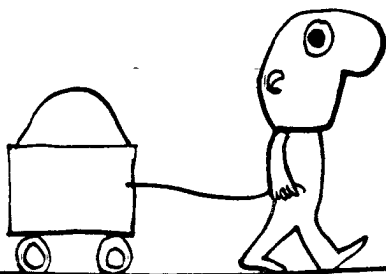
**POLITICAL
&
LEGAL**

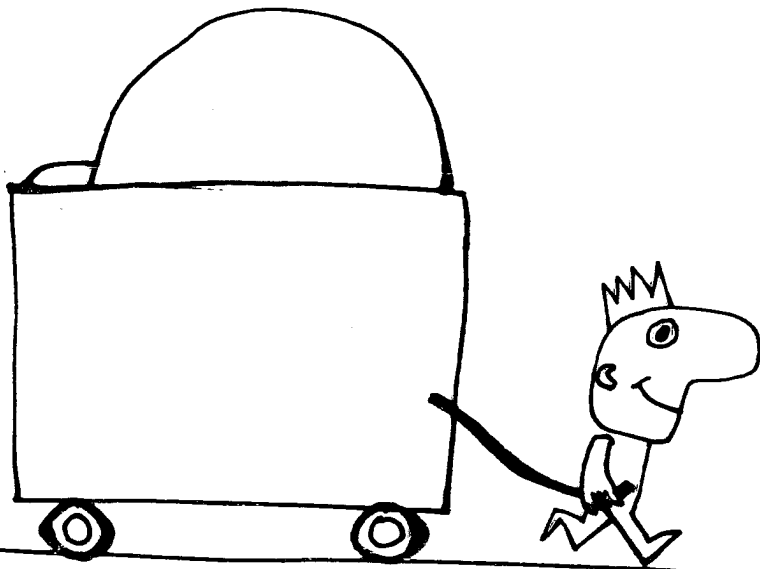
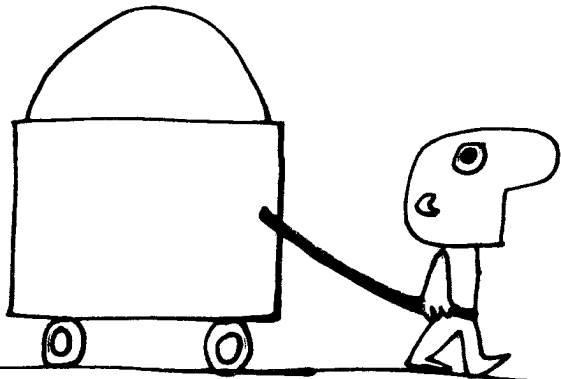
authority.

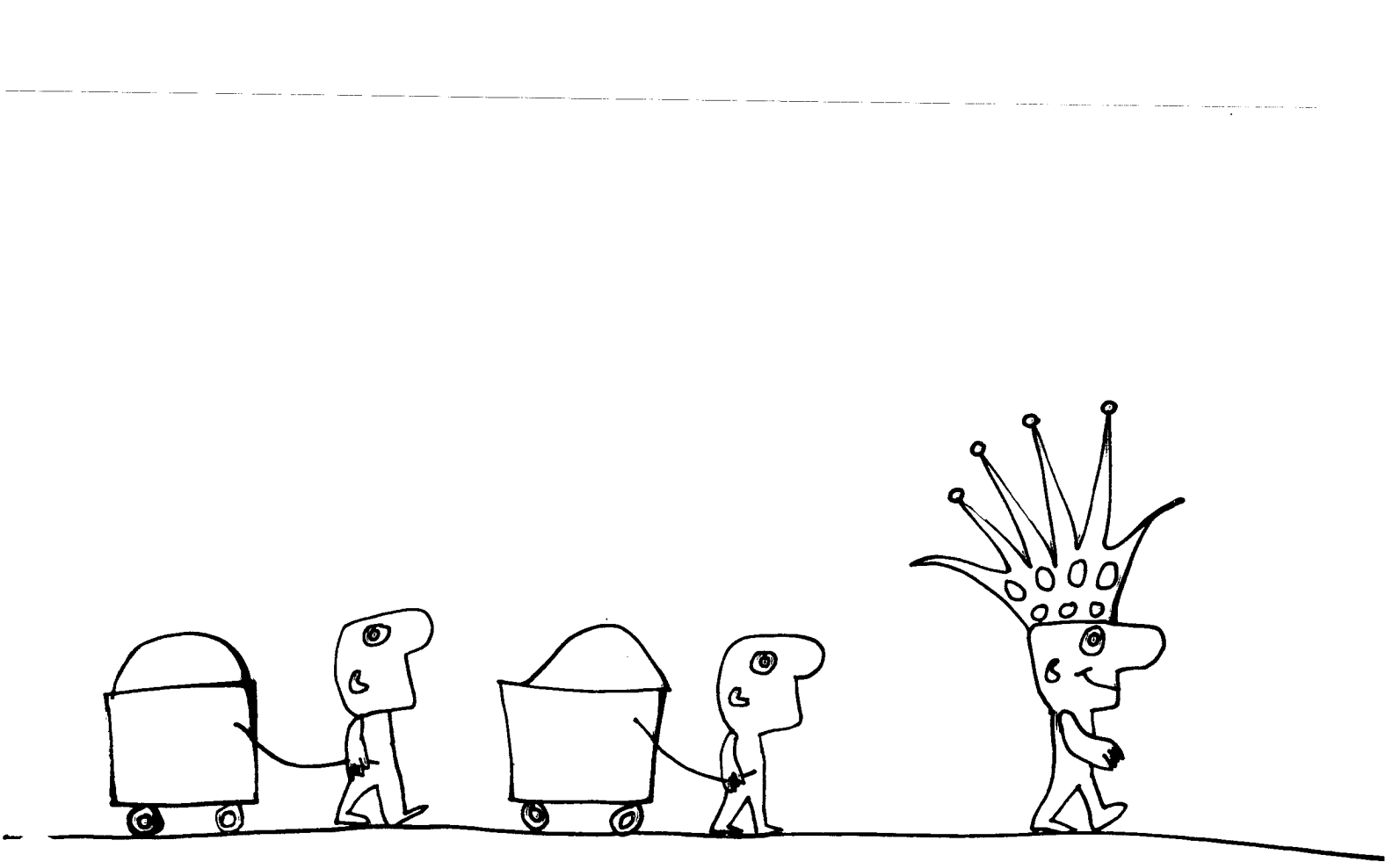
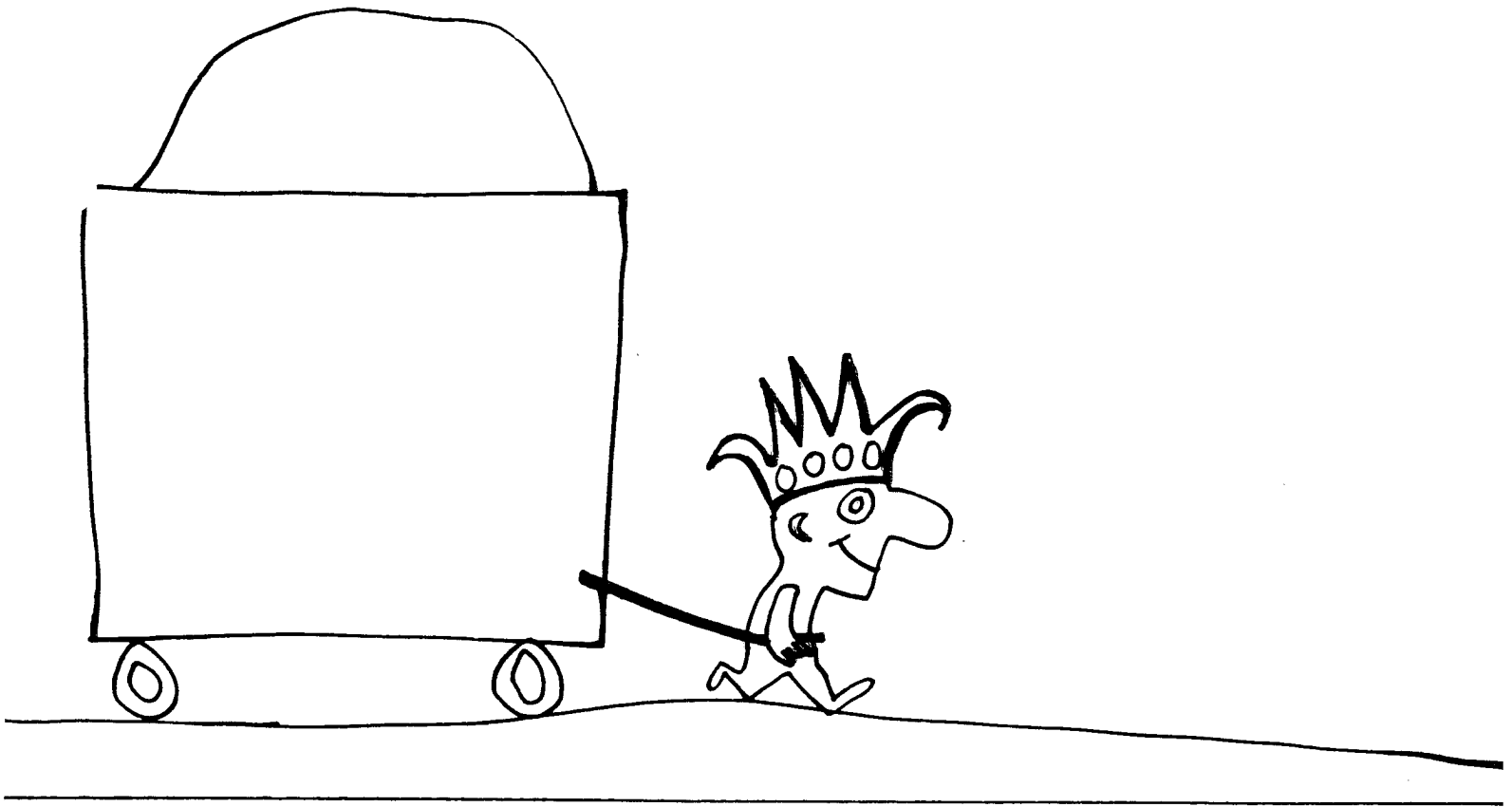


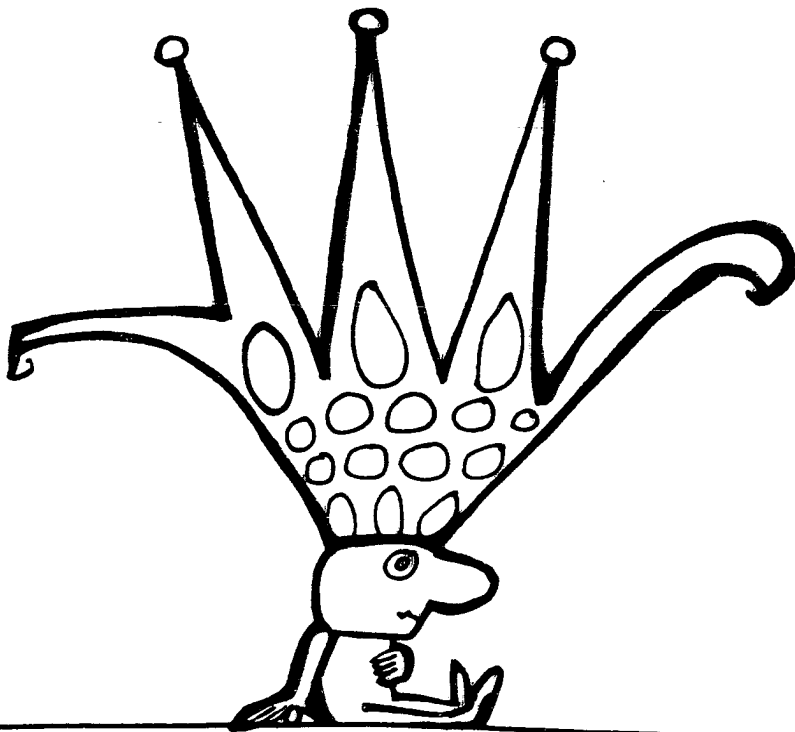
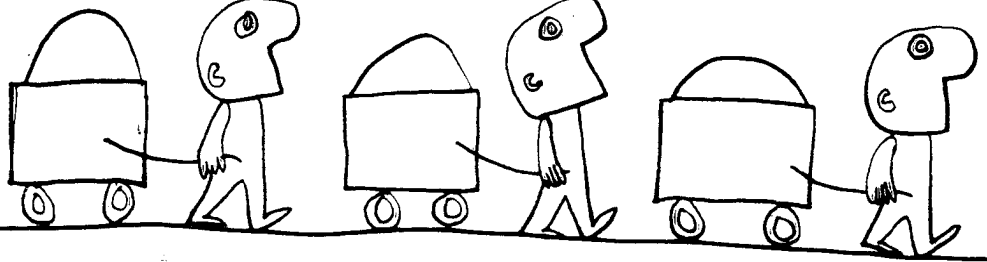
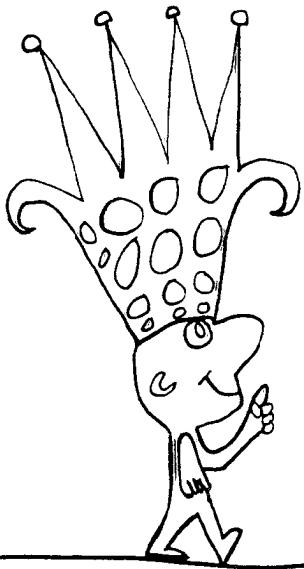
what it is
and how you get it.

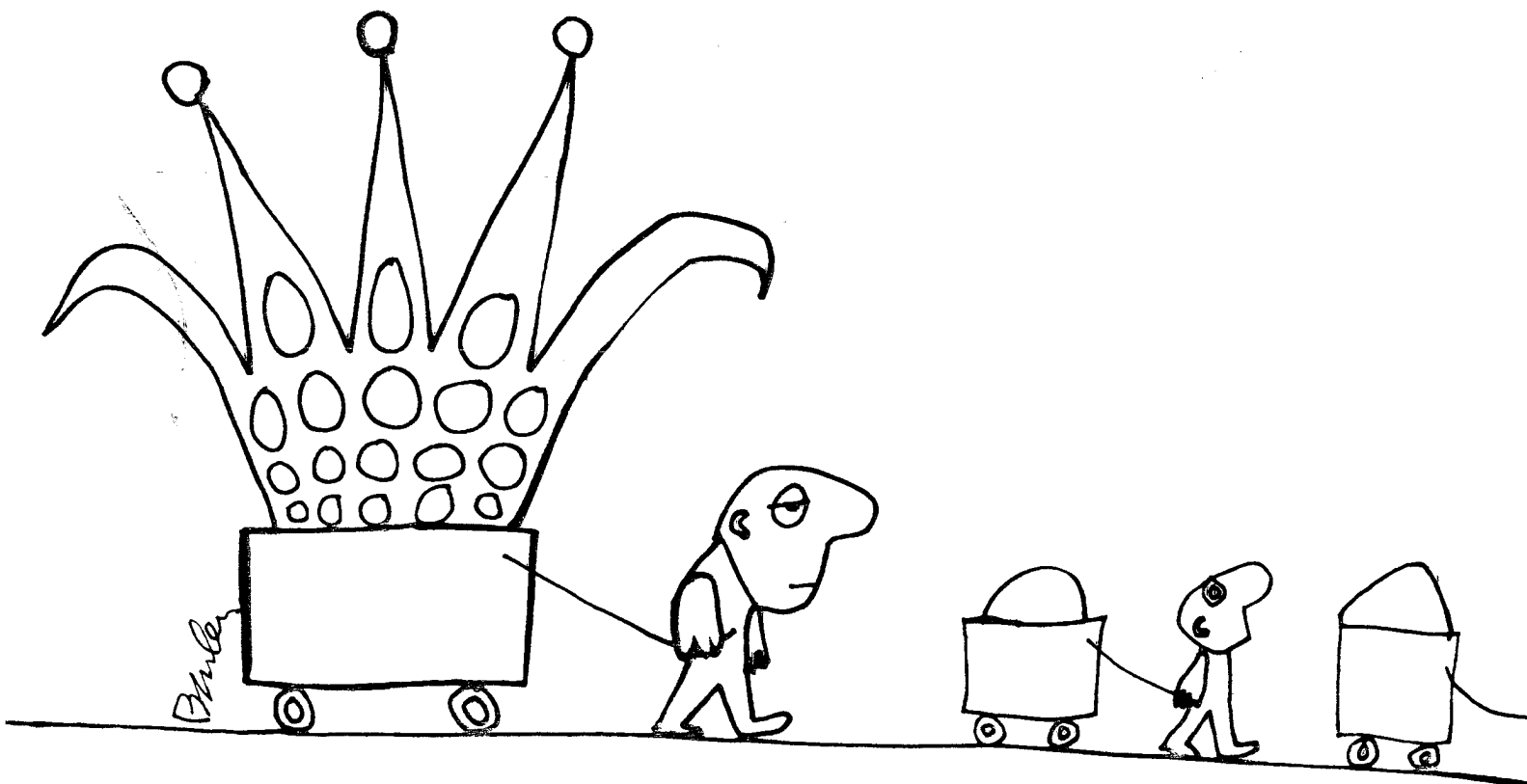
By Elton Bailey











POLITICAL:

- **the definition, allocation and use of power**
- **power:**
 - coercion and force
 - persuasion
 - money
 - social influence
 - populace [Alinski]
 - spiritual
 -
 -
 -

LEGAL:

- *the nature, allocation and use of legitimacy.*
 - *legitimacy = customs, norms, mores, laws.*
-
- *agencies = authorities and governments.*
 - *methods = controls and sanctions.*

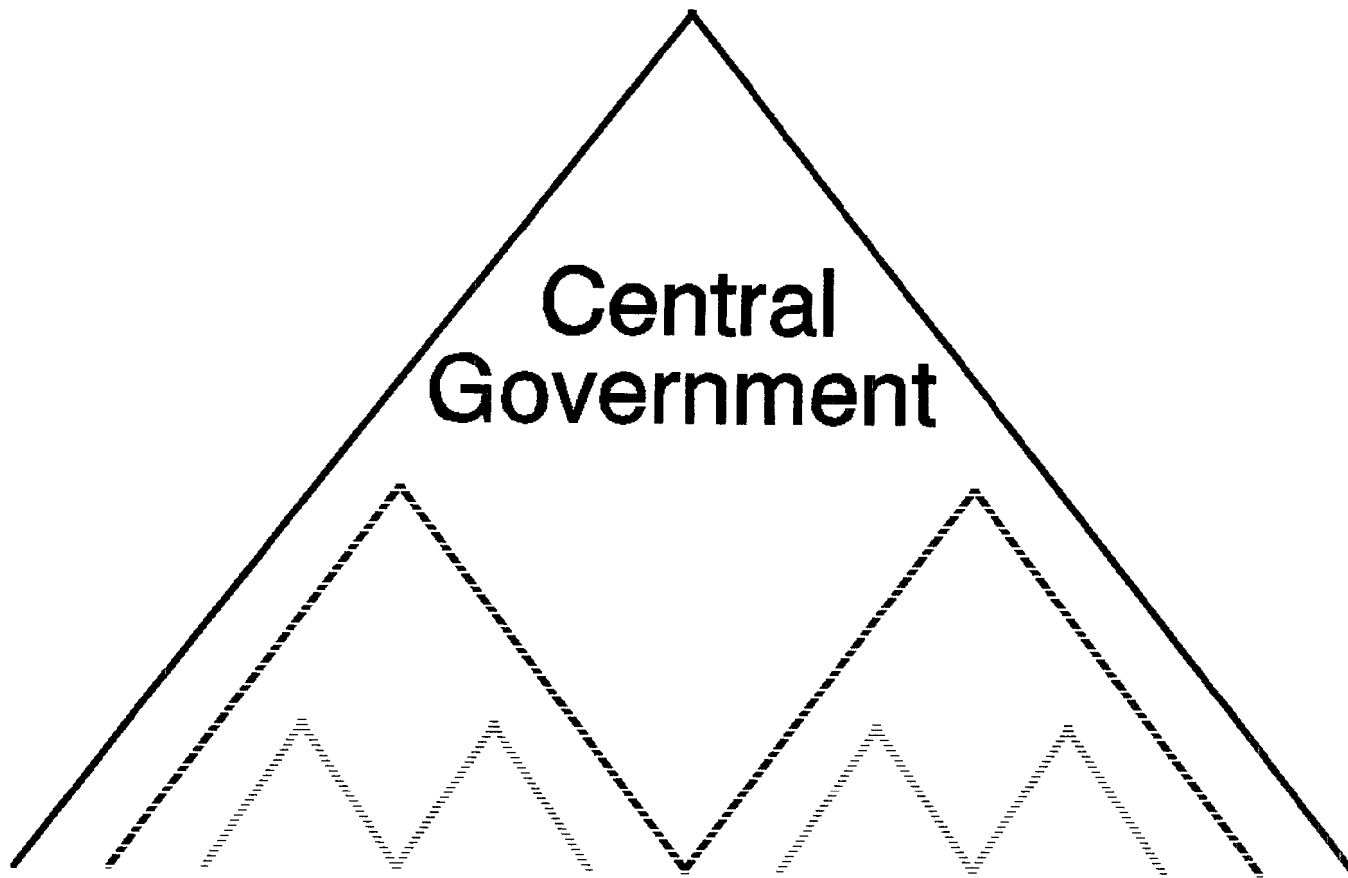
TYPES OF LEGAL SYSTEMS

- stateless societies
- state societies
- colonial societies
- global society

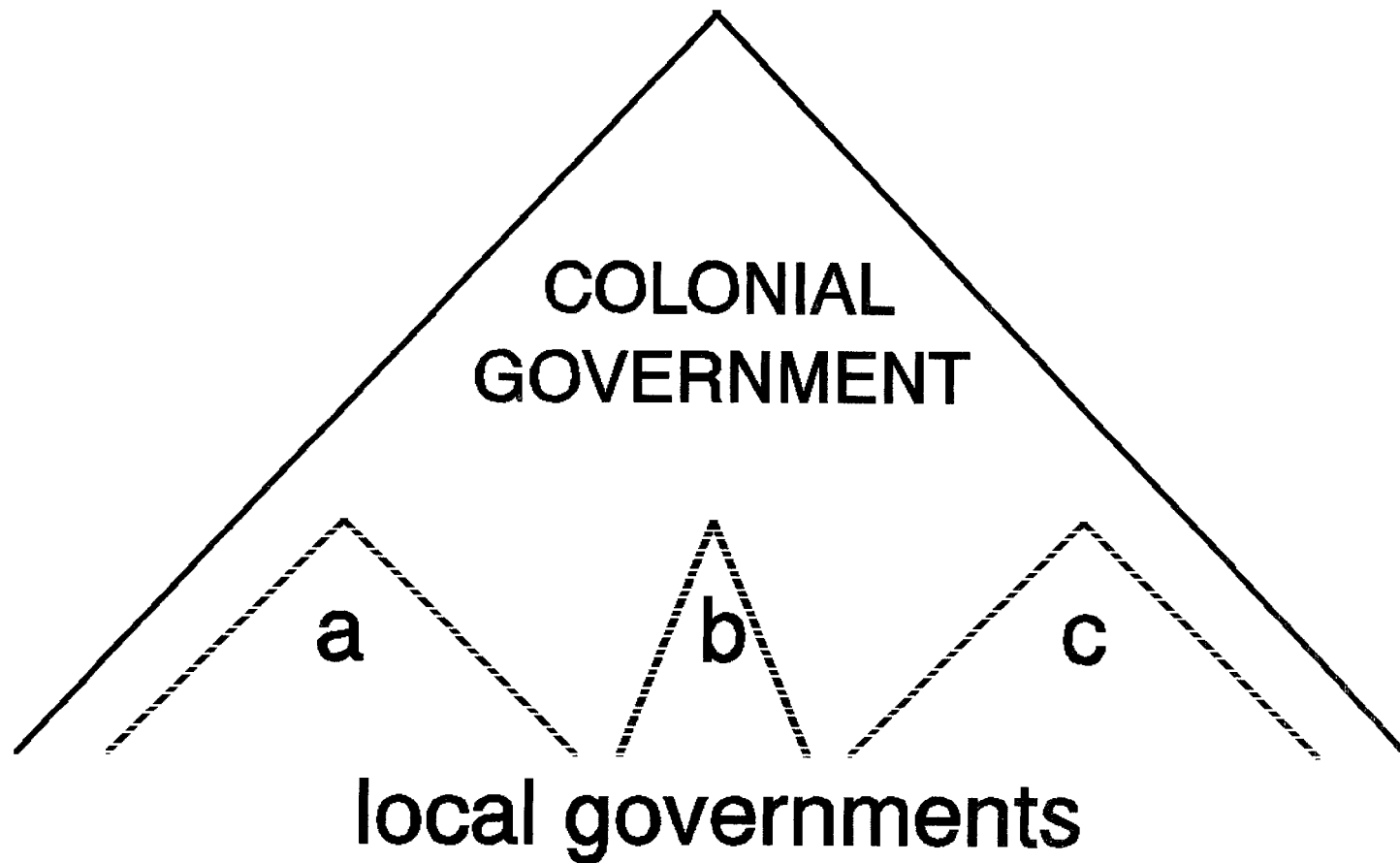
TYPES OF GOVERNMENT

	ONE CENTER OF AUTHORITY	MULTICENTERED AUTHORITY
ONE LEGAL CULTURE	States	Stateless Societies
TWO OR MORE LEGAL CULTURES	Colonial Societies	International Societies

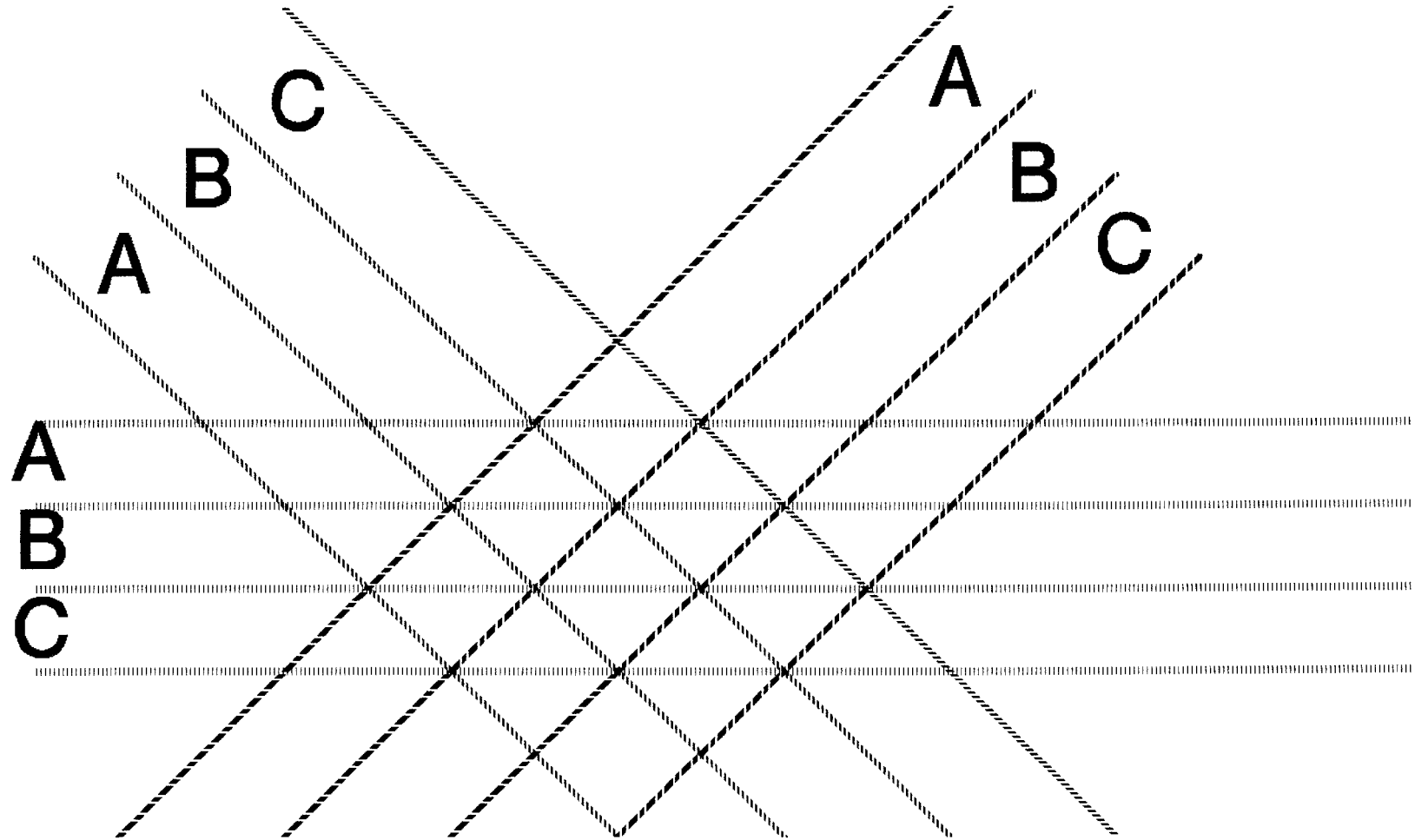
STATE



COLONIAL GOVERNMENTS



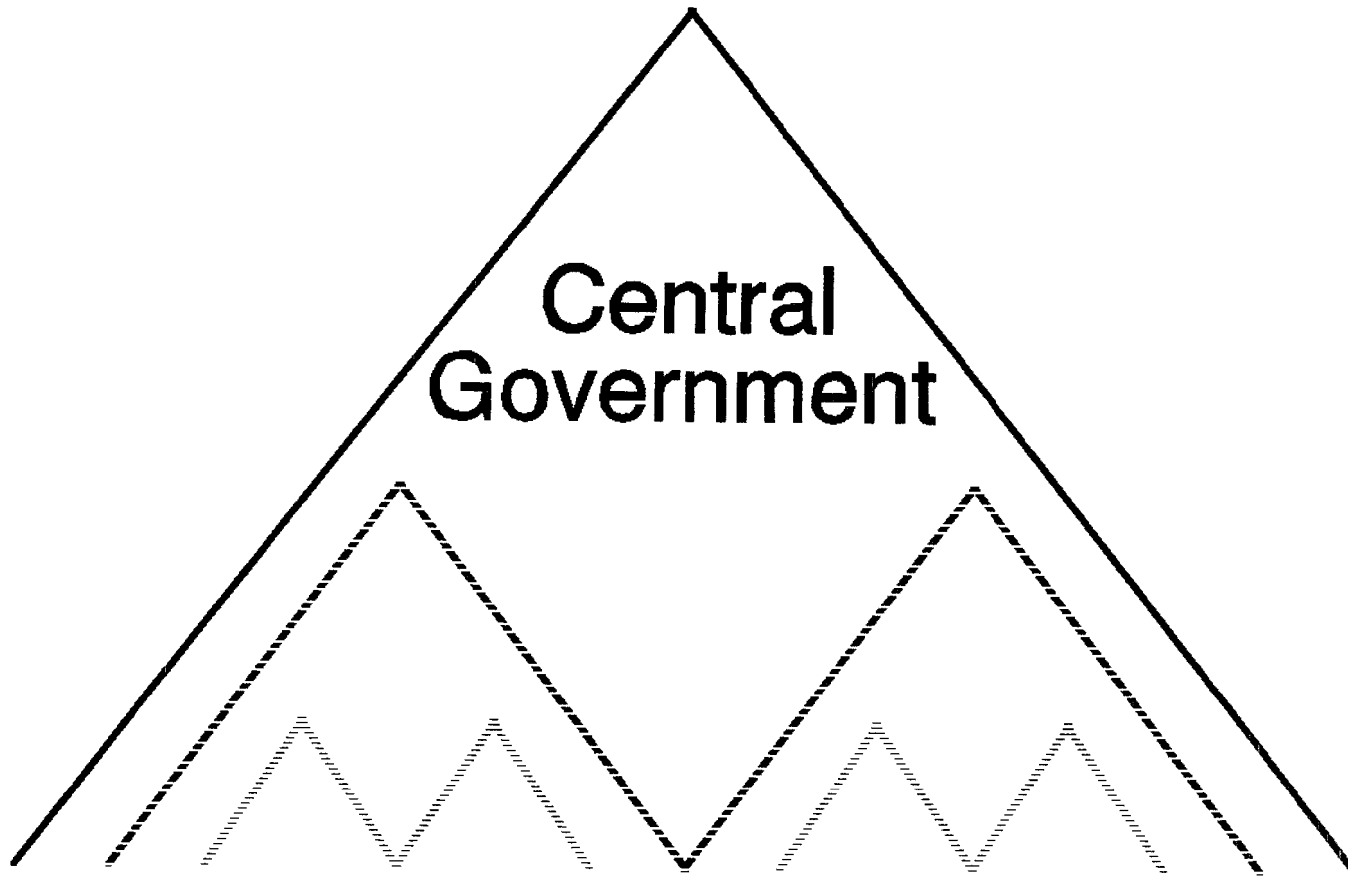
STATELESS GOVERNMENTS



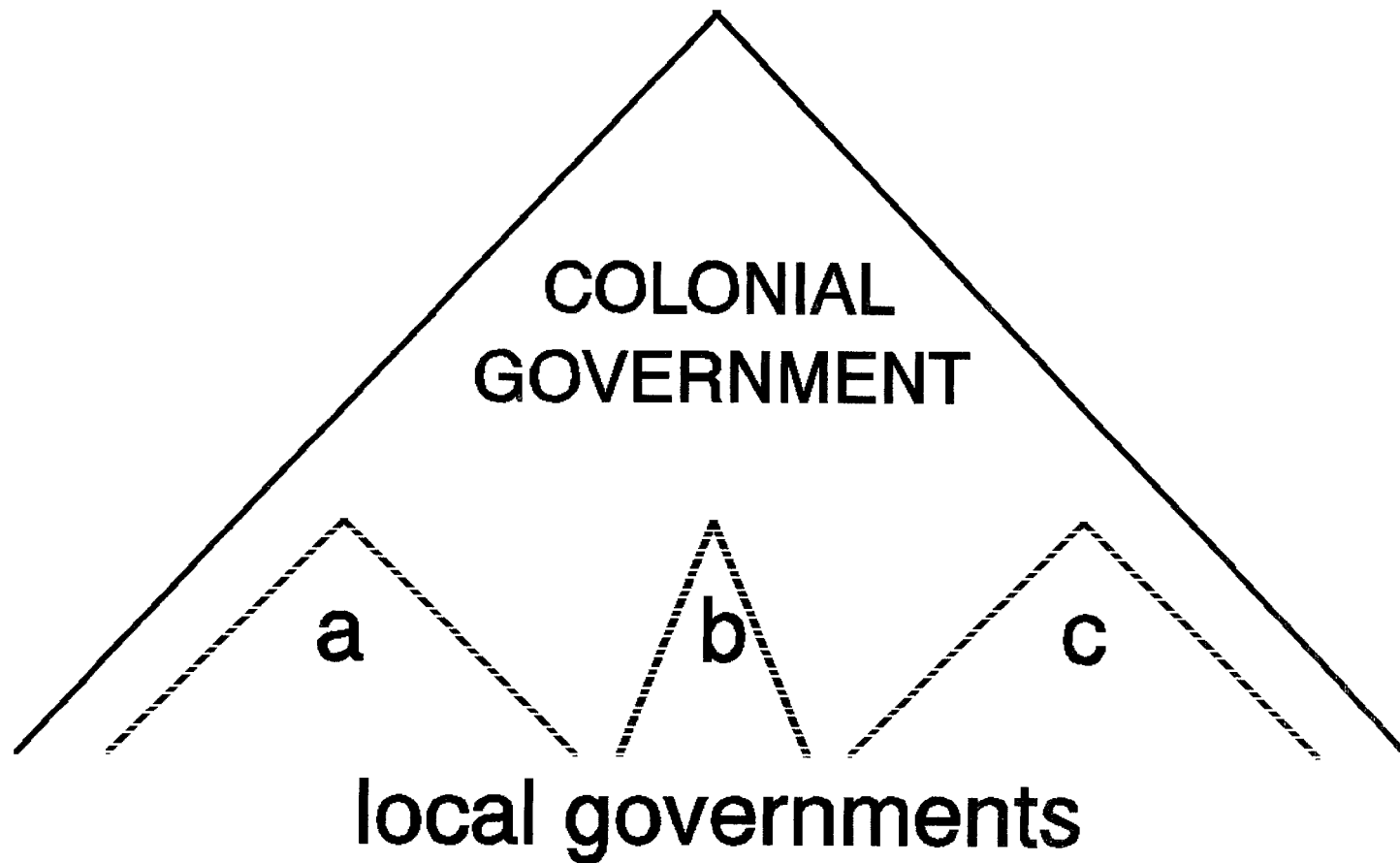
TYPES OF GOVERNMENT

	ONE CENTER OF AUTHORITY	MULTICENTERED AUTHORITY
ONE LEGAL CULTURE	States	Stateless Societies
TWO OR MORE LEGAL CULTURES	Colonial Societies	International Societies

STATE



COLONIAL GOVERNMENTS



STATELESS GOVERNMENTS

